## organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 9-(2-Bromoethyl)-9H-carbazole

# Bao-Hua Zhao, Xiao-Fei Zhu, Shuang Guan and Dong-Feng Li\*

School of Chemistry and Life Science, Changchun University of Technology, Changchun 130012, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: lidongfeng@mail.ccut.edu.cn

Received 23 April 2012; accepted 28 May 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 288 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.032; wR factor = 0.082; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

In the title compound,  $C_{14}H_{12}BrN$ , the fused-ring system is slightly buckled as its two benzene rings are inclined to one another by 3.41 (14)°.

#### **Related literature**

For the synthesis, see: Huang *et al.* (2004). For a similar structure, see: Aravindan *et al.* (2003).



**Experimental** 

Crystal data  $C_{14}H_{12}BrN$  $M_r = 274.16$ 



b = 12.254 (6) Å c = 17.505 (11) Å  $\beta = 96.46 (3)^{\circ}$   $V = 1154.6 (11) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995) $T_{min} = 0.599, T_{max} = 0.657$ 

Refinement  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$   $wR(F^2) = 0.082$  S = 1.022630 reflections Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 3.53 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 288 K $0.16 \times 0.15 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$ 

10873 measured reflections 2630 independent reflections 2093 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$ 

145 parameters H-atom parameters constrained 
$$\begin{split} &\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ &\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.59 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors acknowledge financial support from the National Natural Science Foundation of Jilin Province (grant No. 20101548).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5265).

#### References

Aravindan, P. G., Selvanayagam, S., Yogavel, M., Velmurugan, D., Ravikumar, K., Nagarajan, N. & Perumal, P. T. (2003). *Acta Cryst.* E**59**, o1432–o1434. Higashi, T. (1995). *ABSCOR*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.

Huang, X. F., Zhong, S. Z., Yan, X. Z., Ke, X. J., Srisanit, N. & Wang, M. R. (2004). Synth. Met. 140, 79-86.

Rigaku (1998). RAPID-AUTO. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.

Rigaku/MSC (2002). CrystalClear. MSC, The Woodlands, Texas, USA, and Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

# supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2026 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812024397]

## 9-(2-Bromoethyl)-9H-carbazole

### Bao-Hua Zhao, Xiao-Fei Zhu, Shuang Guan and Dong-Feng Li

#### Comment

Carozole and its derivatives are an important type of nitrogen-containing aromatic heterocyclic compounds. These special structure of carbazole compounds endow their distinct various functions as well as wide potential applications. In this paper, we report the crystal structure of the title compound.

The molecular structure of tiltle compound,  $C_{14}H_{12}BrN$ , as shown in Fig.1, all bond lengths and angles are in the normal ranges and are comparable with a reported compound (Aravindan *et al.* 2003). The dihedral angel of the two benzene rings is 3.41 (14) °. Van der Waals forces stablize the crystal structure.

#### Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the literature (Huang *et al.* 2004). Single crystals suitable were prepared by slow evaporation of a dichloromethane solution of the compoundat room temperature.

#### Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H 0.93 and 0.97 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$ . The (-2 5 5) was omitted owing to bad disagreement.

#### **Computing details**

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); data reduction: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).



### Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probalility level.

#### 9-(2-Bromoethyl)-9H-carbazole

Crystal data	
$C_{14}H_{12}BrN$	F(000) = 552
$M_r = 274.16$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.577 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 8078 reflections
a = 5.417 (3)  Å	$\theta = 3.3 - 27.5^{\circ}$
b = 12.254 (6) Å	$\mu = 3.53 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 17.505 (11)  Å	T = 288  K
$\beta = 96.46 \ (3)^{\circ}$	Block, colorless
$V = 1154.6 (11) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.16 \times 0.15 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$
Z = 4	
Data collection	
Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID	10873 measured reflections
diffractometer	2630 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2093 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.039$
$\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.3^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -6 \rightarrow 7$
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
$T_{\min} = 0.599, \ T_{\max} = 0.657$	$l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.082$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.02	H-atom parameters constrained
2630 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0394P)^2 + 0.3164P]$
145 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.007$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta  ho_{ m max} = 0.23 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.59 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

Experimental. (See detailed section in the paper)

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F<sup>2</sup>, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F<sup>2</sup> are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	X	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Br1	0.25417 (5)	1.06970 (2)	0.430911 (16)	0.05611 (12)
C1	0.0265 (4)	0.88648 (17)	0.22679 (12)	0.0350 (4)
C2	-0.1470 (4)	0.94431 (18)	0.17824 (14)	0.0420 (5)
H2	-0.2717	0.9847	0.1974	0.050*
C3	-0.1273 (5)	0.9395 (2)	0.10030 (14)	0.0506 (6)
Н3	-0.2424	0.9766	0.0664	0.061*
C4	0.0610 (5)	0.8802 (2)	0.07141 (14)	0.0504 (6)
H4	0.0706	0.8793	0.0187	0.060*
C5	0.2328 (4)	0.82325 (19)	0.11943 (13)	0.0446 (5)
Н5	0.3591	0.7846	0.0997	0.054*
C6	0.2147 (4)	0.82425 (16)	0.19839 (12)	0.0356 (4)
C7	0.3499 (4)	0.77144 (17)	0.26390 (13)	0.0365 (5)
C8	0.5493 (4)	0.69878 (19)	0.27313 (15)	0.0473 (6)
H8	0.6248	0.6755	0.2309	0.057*
С9	0.6322 (5)	0.6623 (2)	0.34564 (18)	0.0572 (7)
Н9	0.7654	0.6140	0.3522	0.069*
C10	0.5209 (5)	0.6961 (2)	0.40933 (16)	0.0546 (6)
H10	0.5813	0.6698	0.4577	0.066*
C11	0.3225 (4)	0.76790 (19)	0.40274 (14)	0.0465 (5)
H11	0.2484	0.7903	0.4455	0.056*
C12	0.2387 (4)	0.80512 (17)	0.32906 (13)	0.0357 (4)
C13	-0.1196 (4)	0.92796 (18)	0.35461 (14)	0.0417 (5)
H13A	-0.1073	0.8900	0.4035	0.050*
H13B	-0.2893	0.9207	0.3308	0.050*
C14	-0.0643 (4)	1.04724 (19)	0.36924 (15)	0.0466 (5)

# supplementary materials

H14A	-0.1951	1.0790	0.3956	0.056*	
H14B	-0.0631	1.0846	0.3204	0.056*	
N1	0.0445 (3)	0.87583 (15)	0.30599 (10)	0.0369 (4)	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	U <sup>23</sup>
Br1	0.05008 (16)	0.06487 (19)	0.05276 (18)	-0.01404 (11)	0.00307 (12)	-0.00812 (12)
C1	0.0349 (10)	0.0342 (10)	0.0358 (11)	-0.0048 (8)	0.0038 (8)	-0.0010 (9)
C2	0.0387 (11)	0.0423 (12)	0.0441 (13)	0.0013 (9)	0.0002 (10)	0.0007 (10)
C3	0.0585 (14)	0.0479 (13)	0.0417 (14)	-0.0059 (11)	-0.0106 (11)	0.0088 (10)
C4	0.0685 (16)	0.0497 (13)	0.0322 (12)	-0.0103 (12)	0.0017 (11)	0.0014 (10)
C5	0.0533 (13)	0.0427 (12)	0.0394 (13)	-0.0039 (10)	0.0117 (10)	-0.0061 (10)
C6	0.0370 (10)	0.0337 (10)	0.0363 (11)	-0.0056 (8)	0.0055 (9)	-0.0034 (9)
C7	0.0352 (10)	0.0339 (10)	0.0401 (12)	-0.0040 (9)	0.0035 (9)	-0.0024 (9)
C8	0.0413 (11)	0.0414 (12)	0.0589 (16)	0.0033 (10)	0.0042 (11)	-0.0067 (11)
C9	0.0480 (13)	0.0421 (13)	0.078 (2)	0.0077 (11)	-0.0076 (13)	0.0035 (13)
C10	0.0585 (14)	0.0464 (13)	0.0546 (16)	-0.0029 (12)	-0.0121 (12)	0.0163 (12)
C11	0.0520 (12)	0.0456 (12)	0.0411 (13)	-0.0052 (11)	0.0011 (11)	0.0075 (10)
C12	0.0343 (10)	0.0342 (10)	0.0379 (11)	-0.0038 (8)	0.0018 (8)	0.0014 (9)
C13	0.0355 (10)	0.0477 (13)	0.0432 (13)	-0.0033 (9)	0.0105 (9)	-0.0080 (10)
C14	0.0392 (11)	0.0496 (13)	0.0507 (15)	0.0037 (10)	0.0044 (10)	-0.0084 (11)
N1	0.0376 (9)	0.0403 (9)	0.0329 (9)	0.0028 (8)	0.0048 (7)	-0.0001 (8)

### Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C14	1.949 (3)	С8—С9	1.373 (4)
C1—N1	1.385 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—C2	1.389 (3)	C9—C10	1.389 (4)
C1—C6	1.408 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
C2—C3	1.382 (4)	C10—C11	1.383 (4)
С2—Н2	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C3—C4	1.392 (4)	C11—C12	1.395 (3)
С3—Н3	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C4—C5	1.372 (4)	C12—N1	1.387 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—N1	1.447 (3)
С5—С6	1.397 (3)	C13—C14	1.508 (3)
С5—Н5	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9700
C6—C7	1.443 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9700
С7—С8	1.395 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9700
C7—C12	1.410 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9700
N1—C1—C2	128.8 (2)	С10—С9—Н9	119.4
N1-C1-C6	109.29 (18)	C11—C10—C9	121.7 (2)
C2—C1—C6	121.8 (2)	C11—C10—H10	119.1
C3—C2—C1	117.4 (2)	C9—C10—H10	119.1
С3—С2—Н2	121.3	C10-C11-C12	117.0 (2)
C1—C2—H2	121.3	C10-C11-H11	121.5
C2—C3—C4	121.5 (2)	C12—C11—H11	121.5
С2—С3—Н3	119.3	N1-C12-C11	129.1 (2)
			. /

С4—С3—Н3	119.3	N1—C12—C7	109.03 (19)
C5—C4—C3	121.1 (2)	C11—C12—C7	121.9 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.5	N1—C13—C14	113.85 (19)
C3—C4—H4	119.5	N1—C13—H13A	108.8
C4—C5—C6	118.9 (2)	C14—C13—H13A	108.8
С4—С5—Н5	120.5	N1—C13—H13B	108.8
С6—С5—Н5	120.5	C14—C13—H13B	108.8
C5—C6—C1	119.2 (2)	H13A—C13—H13B	107.7
C5—C6—C7	134.2 (2)	C13—C14—Br1	112.18 (16)
C1—C6—C7	106.57 (18)	C13—C14—H14A	109.2
C8—C7—C12	119.3 (2)	Br1-C14-H14A	109.2
C8—C7—C6	134.1 (2)	C13—C14—H14B	109.2
С12—С7—С6	106.66 (18)	Br1-C14-H14B	109.2
C9—C8—C7	118.9 (2)	H14A—C14—H14B	107.9
С9—С8—Н8	120.5	C12—N1—C1	108.42 (17)
С7—С8—Н8	120.5	C12—N1—C13	126.90 (19)
C8—C9—C10	121.2 (2)	C1—N1—C13	124.65 (18)
С8—С9—Н9	119.4		